Lake	Lower	Netton	End of KS	Wilsford	Durnford	Upper Woodford	Salteron	End of KS
Reception	Woodford	Year 2	expectations	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	expectations
	Year 1							
Autumn Term	Autumn Term	Autumn Term		Autumn Term	Autumn Term	Autumn Term	Autumn Term	
Explore artistic	Papier mache hot	Observational						
effects through	air balloons (Topic	drawings of Mae		Artist study:	Observational	Artist study: Van	Blitz skylines;	
different brush	link)	Jemison- (Topic		William Morris and the Arts and	drawing of	Gogh study still life	layered painting and	
and pen marks,		(History) link)		Crafts Movement	leaves, look at shading	drawings	collage (History link)	
using a thick and	Photo set up for			ciul is Movement	techniques and			
thin brush and lines and marks	scenes for	Artist study: Andy			how to draw to	Painting Study: Van	Artist study: Henry	
using pens and	children's own	Warhol: Explore		Repeat pattern	convey depth.	Gogh's Starry Night	Moore:	
pencils.	versions of "The	colour using B&W					sketches/paintings	
ponens.	Naughty bus".	photos and applying		Use collage to	Artist study:	Aboriginal Art linked	on WW2 shelters	
Explore colour		colour with felt tip		create Victorian	Henri Rousseau:	to class novel, 'Wolf		
mixing using	Pumpkin	pens.		skylines (History	Painting jungle	Brother' (Literacy)	Autumn inspired oil	
powder and ready-	observational			link)	pictures.		pastel art- 'Harvest'	
mixed paint and a	drawings (EMA)	Artist study: Sandro			(Geography link)		still life; pencil work	
limited palette,		Botticelli 'Mystic						
describing colours	Clay decorations	Nativity) Draw			Calendars- Artist			
that are made.	for	Nativity scenes.'			study: Mondrian			
T 1 1/44	Christmas bazaar.				Using rulers and			
Teach different	Christmas angels				colour to create			
techniques for joining materials	(RE link)				abstract designs			
ie. Tape, glue,								
treasury tags, split	Early morning fine							
pins.	motor activities to							
1	include: Diwali -							
Sort, choose and	rangoli patterns (RE link),							
arrange different	(RE IINK), Autumn leaf							
materials to create	rubbings							
an effect in	(Science), paper							
collage.	snowflakes.							
Evaluate mainting								
Explore printing using one shape.								
using one snape.								
Artist study: Andy								
Goldsworthy								
Natural Art.								
Spring Term	Spring Term	Spring Term		Spring Term	Spring Term	Spring Term	Spring Term	
Explore different	Explore mark	Observational						
tools for painting	making	drawing of			Clay turtles	Tudor Rose collage	Papier Mache e.g.	
eg. Lolly sticks,	(specifically	spring bulbs				(Link to History)		
twigs, card, junk.	scales,				Artist study: Jason			
	feathers, fur)				Scarpace			

Volcano/River course (Link to Geography) Artist Study: Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	Tudor Portraits Mixed media: Painting, chalks and pastels (linked to Science Space topic) Artist study: Jackson	Printing - Fish paintings using watercolours and wax resist. (Link to Geography Florida Topic)	Artist study: Turner's sky scapes Drawing and making fossils from Clay	and flowers (Science link) Artist study:	using pastels and use to create picture of owls using a	Explore tone and shade through altering colour with water and
Geography) Artist Study: Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	Painting, chalks and pastels (linked to Science Space topic)	watercolours and wax resist. (Link to Geography Florida	Drawing and making		create picture	altering colour with
Geography) Artist Study: Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	Painting, chalks and pastels (linked to Science Space topic)	watercolours and wax resist. (Link to Geography Florida	Drawing and making		create picture	altering colour with
Artist Study: Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	Painting, chalks and pastels (linked to Science Space topic)	resist. (Link to Geography Florida		Artist study:		
Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	pastels (linked to Science Space topic)	Geography Florida		Artist study:	or owns using u	
Hokusai's Great Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.	Science Space topic)		fossils from Clay	va nor orday.	variety of	watercolours.
Wave - Collage of topic theme, e.g.			1055115 11 Uni Ciuy	Barbara		watercolours.
topic theme, e.g.	Austral about to Technology		(Science link)	Hepworth: 3D form	different	
	Artist study: Jackson		l` í	and	marks (Science	In junk modelling
	Pollock.			sculpting in clay and	& Literacy link	and sculpture,
mountain range	1 onock.	Drawing Walt Disney		tin foil: (Link RE,	- The Owl	explore how to
mournam range		cartoon characters.			Babies).	change the shape
				Holy Trinity)		by slotting the
					-	boxes and slits and
				Textiles - weaving	Easter egg	
				from rags to riches.	patterns,	using tabs and
				5	painting, pop-	hinges.
				(link History and	up card.	
				Literacy)		Explore repeating
						pattern.
				Artist study: Paul	<mark>Artist study:</mark>	
				Klee Printing: Castle	<mark>Kandinsky</mark>	Artist study:
				5	paintings	Jackson Pollock
				in the sun (Link		JUCKSON FONOCK
				History and Literacy)		
					Daffodil	
					observational	
					drawings.	
					-	
					3D models - home	
					learning task	
					(Maths link - 2D	
					shapes).	
Summer Term	Summer Term	Summer Term	Summer Term	Summer Term	Summer Term	Summer Term
Summer renn	Summer renn	Summer renni	Jumier renn			
		Taxtilag: gow and	Making agus ant			
				J .	1 51	
	with Caribbean topic)		(HISTORY IINK)		-	
		,				
Egyptian	Sculpture: Land		Using clay to make	and Geography)	string stamps to	effects.
topic): How did	Art/Artist Study	link - WW1)			print onto fabric	
they used to				Deinting Dangst	(Maths link -	Artist study:
tell stories?	, , ,	Carlot market		5 1		
		•				
	2		Drawing from	- Islamic tiles)		The Shull
Papyrus-style			nature and life -		inity.	
pictures,	School link)	and papier-mache.	our school	Antict ctude		
inspired by the		(History link - WW1)			Artist study:	5 5
	Watercolour painting:				'	and joining.
	Spring flowers and	Artist study: Henry	Science IIIK)	: Painting		
Ancient		Lawrence Oakely use		Seascapes (Link		Explore colouring
Ancient Ecuption	local landscape			Courses (Cinic	1	Chpion & consulting
Egyptian	local landscape			Litenecy		textiles by duing
	local landscape	charcoal and make		Literacy	Masai necklaces	textiles by dying
Egyptian	local landscape	charcoal and make cut-out silhouettes to		and Geography)	Masai necklaces (Kinte fabric	and adding pattern.
Egyptian	local landscape	charcoal and make		· ·		
Papyrus-style pictures, inspired by the work of	Art/Artist Study: Andy Goldsworthy Create own land art using natural materials. (Forest School link) Watercolour painting: Spring flowers and	(History link - WW1) Artist study: Henry	nature and life -	Summer Term Observational drawing of seaside objects. (Link Literacy and Geography) Printing: Repeat patterns. (Link RE - Islamic tiles) Artist study: Winslow Homer : Painting Seascapes. (Link	print onto fabric (Maths link – repeating patterns, global link)	Artist study: Henri Matisse's 'The Snail' Exploring textiles through cutting

		Link: Handa's	Take One Picture				Clay Canopic jars or	
	In sculpture and	Surprise)	Project				tombs	
	junk modelling		(cross-curricular					
	arrange boxes for	Henna patterns	links)				Design own death	
	desired effect.	(RE link to					mask	
		celebrating Eid)						
	Explore mono-							
	printing ie. Drawing							
	a line on an inked							
	surface and taking a print.							
	a prim.							
	Artist study:							
	Vincent van Gogh							
	To make	To begin to	To record and	To select and	To explain and	To demonstrate	To make reasoned	
	comments about	record ideas	explore ideas from	record from first	record from first	understanding and	judgements and	
	what they have	from first hand	first hand	hand	hand observation,	record from first	record from first	
	heard and ask	observation,	observation,	observation,	experience and	hand observation,	hand observation,	
	questions to	experience and	experience and	experience and	imagination, and	experience and	experience and	
σ	clarify their	imagination.	imagination.	imagination, and	explore ideas for	imagination, and	imagination, and	
Z	understanding	 To ask and 	 To ask and 	explore ideas for	different purposes.	explore ideas for	explore ideas for	
0 C	(Listening,	answer	answer questions	different	 To question, 	different purposes.	different	
ž	Attention and	questions about	about the starting	purposes. • To	make thoughtful	 To question and 	purposes.	
<u> </u>	Understanding).	the starting	points for their	question and	observations about	make thoughtful	 To question, 	
as		points for their	work and the	make thoughtful	starting points and	observations about	make thoughtful	
a G		work, and	processes they	observations	select ideas to use	starting points and	observations and	
. <u> </u>		develop their	have used.	about starting	in their work.	select ideas and	justify their	
j.		ideas.	 To identify and 	points in their	 To explore and 	processes to use in	starting points	
do		 To explore the 	describe	work.	explain the roles	their work.	and select ideas	
/el		differences and	differences and	 To explore the 	and purposes of	 To explore and 	and processes to	
le		similarities	similarities within	roles and	artists,	demonstrate	use in their work.	
р		within the work	the work of artists,	purposes of	craftspeople and	understanding of	 To explore and 	
Exploring and developing ideas (ONGOING)		of artists,	craftspeople and	artists,	designers working	the roles and	make reasoned	
20		craftspeople and	designers in	craftspeople and	in different times	purposes of artists,	judgements of the	
rir		designers in	different times and	designers	and cultures.	craftspeople and	roles and	
90		different times	cultures.	working in		designers working	purposes of	
ЦХ Ц		and cultures.		different times		in different times	artists,	
				and cultures.		and cultures.	craftspeople and	
							designers working	
							in different times	
							and cultures.	
	•			•	•			

	To know that art,	To know how to	To know that	To know about the	To know about	To know about and	To research and	To describe,	To know about
	(design and	recognise and	different forms of	work of a range of	and describe the	describe some of	discuss the ideas	interpret and	great artists,
and Craftspeople	craft) is made by	describe some	creative works are	artists, craft makers	work of some	the key ideas,	and approaches of	explain the work,	architects and
ğ	artists exhibiting	simple	made by artists,	and designers.	artists,	techniques and	a various artists,	ideas and working	designers in history
be	care and skill and	characteristics of	craftspeople and	• To describe the	craftspeople,	working practices	craftspeople,	practices of some	
fts	is valued for its	different kinds	designers, from all	differences and	architects and	of a variety of	designers and	significant artists,	
<u>n</u>	qualities.	of art, craft and	cultures and times.	similarities between	designers.	artists,	architects, taking	craftspeople,	
5	• To know how	design. • To	 To be able to talk 	different practices and	• To be able to	craftspeople,	account of their	designers and	
aŭ	to explain what	know the names	about the	disciplines, and making	explain how to	architects and	particular cultural	architects taking	
	they are doing	of the tools,	materials,	links to their own work.	use some of the	designers that they	context and	account of the	
ec	when they make	techniques.	techniques and		tools and	have studied.	intentions.	influence of the	
Ĕ	art.	-	processes they		techniques they	 To know about, 	• To describe the	different	
Architects			have used, using		have chosen to	and be able to	processes they are	historical, cultural	
٩ (an appropriate		work with.	demonstrate, how	using and how they	and social	
Artists,			vocabulary (for			tools they have	hope to achieve	contexts in which	
Ë			instance, they			chosen to work	high quality	they worked.	
2			know the names of			with, should be	outcomes.	 To know about 	
Jer 1			the tools and			used effectively		the technical	
Ę			colours they use).			and with safety.		vocabulary and	
Ĕ								techniques for	
Work of other								modifying the	
ō								qualities of	
3								different	
								materials and	
								processes.	

Sumeral Sector To begin to use a variety of drawing tools. • To use drawings to tell a story. • To investigate different lines. • To draw with intent and purpose and meaning.	 To experiment with a variety of media, that may include pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, chalk. To control the types of marks made with the range of media, for example drawing lines, dots of different thicknesses. To investigate textures by describing, naming, rubbing, copying. To invent new lines and create patterns and textures. To draw on different surfaces with a range of media To observe and draw shapes from observations 	To become proficient in drawing techniques. To use drawing to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Children can: • draw lines of varying thickness; • use dots and lines to demonstrate pattern and texture; • use different materials to draw, for example pastels, chalk and felt tips. KS1 key vocabulary: Portrait, self-portrait, line drawing, detail, landscape, cityscape, building, pastels, drawings, line, bold, size, space.	To experiment with ways in which surface detail can be added to drawings. • To use sketchbooks to collect and record visual information from different sources. • Make marks and lines with a wide range of drawing implements e.g. charcoal, pencil, crayon, chalk pastels, pens etc. • Create textures with a wide range of drawing implements.	 Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to draw different forms and shapes. Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension, for example to use shading to show light and shadow effects. Experiment with different grades of pencil and other implements to achieve variations in tone. Begin to use LKS2 key vocabulary: portrait, light, dark, tone, shadow, line, pattern, texture, form, shape, tone, outline. 	Use a sketchbook to collect and develop ideas. • Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work. • Use dry/wet media to make different marks, lines, patterns and shapes. • Work in a sustained and independent way to create a detailed drawing.	 Work from a variety of sources including observation, photographs and digital images. Explore colour mixing and blending techniques with coloured pencils. Start to develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media. Begin to develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings e.g. foreground, middle ground and background. Show an awareness of how paintings are created ie. composition. 	To become proficient in drawing techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, with a range of materials. Children can: • use a variety of techniques to add effects, e.g. shadows, reflection, hatching and crosshatching; • depict movement and perspective in drawings; • use a variety of tools and select the most appropriate. UKS2 key vocabulary: line, texture, pattern, form, shape, tone, smudge, blend, mark, hard, soft, light, heavy, mural, portrait, graffiti.
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	 To experiment with and use colour. To ue a range of tools to mix colours. 	Use a variety of tools and techniques including different brush sizes and types. • To identify primary colours by name. • To mix and match colours to artefacts and objects and to find collections of colours. • To work on different scales.	 To experiment with tools and techniques. To investigate colour by mixing primary colour shades. To mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours, for example making colours wheels. To investigate making as many tones of one colour as possible (using white). 	To become proficient in painting techniques. To use painting to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Children can: • name the primary and secondary colours; • experiment with different brushes (including brushstrokes) and other painting tools; • mix primary colours to make secondary colours; • add white and black to alter tints and shades KS1 key vocabulary: primary colours, secondary colours, neutral colours, tints, shades, warm colours, cool colours, watercolour wash, sweep, dab, bold brushstroke, acrylic paint	 To work on a range of scales e.g. thin brush on small picture etc. Use light and dark within art and begin to explore complimentary colours. Mix colours, shades and tones with increased confidence. To experiment with different effects and textures. 	 To be able to identify and use primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours. To create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. To use more specific colour language. To mix and use tints and shades and observe changes in colour. To choose suitable equipment for the task. 	 To understand the language of colour. To use colour for mood and select colour for specific reasons. To carry out preliminary studies, trying out different media and materials and mixing appropriate colours. To be able to identify and use primary secondary, complementary and contrasting colours. 	 To use the language of colour. To use colour to convey feelings and select colour for specific reasons. To create imaginative work from a variety of sources e.g. observational drawing, themes, poetry, music. To mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects. To be able to identify and use primary 	To become proficient in painting techniques. To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including painting with a range of materials. Children can: • create a colour palette, demonstrating mixing techniques; • use a range of paint (acrylic, oil paints, water colours) to create visually interesting pieces. KS2 key vocabulary: blend, mix, line, tone, shape, abstract, absorb, colour.
Colour								secondary, complementary and contrasting colours and comment on what works well in their own work.	

Printing	 To make simple rubbings To print with variety of objects To print mono prints and repeated prints. To build a repeating pattern and recognise pattern in the environment. To carry out different printing techniques. 	To use a variety of techniques, • To design patterns of increasing complexity and repetition. • To print using a variety of materials, objects and techniques.	To become proficient in other art, craft and design techniques – printing. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour and texture. Children can: • copy an original print; • use a variety of materials, e.g. sponges, fruit, blocks; • demonstrate a range of techniques, e.g. rolling, pressing, stamping and rubbing; KS1 key vocabulary: colour, shape, printing, printmaking, woodcut, relief printing, objects.	 To explore pattern and shape, creating designs for printing. To talk about the processes used to produce a simple print. To create repeating patterns. 	To print using a variety of materials, objects and techniques. • To explore pattern and shape, creating designs for printing. • To talk about the processes used to produce a simple print.	 To organise their work in terms of pattern, repetition, symmetry or random printing styles. To choose the printing method appropriate to task. To build up layers and colours/textures. To choose inks and overlay colours. 	To describe varied print techniques. • To organise, alter and modify their work in terms of pattern, repetition, symmetry or random printing styles. • To confidently print on paper and fabric. • To be familiar with layering prints. • To work relatively independently.	To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials – printing. Children can: • design and create printing blocks/tiles; • develop techniques in mono, block and relief printing; • create and arrange accurate patterns; Use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: Hapa-Zome, hammering, pattern, shape, tile, colour, arrange, collograph.
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	To make use of	To manipulate	To manipulate clay	To become proficient in	To join clay	To make informed	To describe the	To develop skills in	To become proficient
	props and	playdough in a	for a variety of	sculpting techniques.	adequately and	choices about the 3D	different qualities	using clay inc. slabs,	in sculpting techniques.
	materials when	variety of ways,	purposes, inc. thumb	To use couloture to	work reasonably	technique chosen.	involved in 3D form.	coils, slips, etc.	
	role playing	e.g. rolling,	pots, simple coil pots	To use sculpture to	independently.	 To use a variety of 	 To plan a land art 	 To create 	To improve their
	characters in	kneading and	and models.	develop and share their	 To construct a 	recycled, natural and	through drawing and	sculpture and	mastery of art and
	narratives and	shaping.	 To explore 	ideas, experiences and	simple coil pot.	man-made materials.	other preparatory	constructions with	design techniques,
	stories.	• To explore	sculpture with a	imagination.	 To construct and 	 To talk about their 	work.	increasing	including sculpting with
	 To construct 	sculpture with a	range of malleable	Children can:	join recycled,	work understanding	 To use recycled, 	independence.	a range of materials.
	using a range of	range of malleable	media, especially clay		natural and man-	that it has been	natural and man-	• To make reasoned	
	materials, tools	media, especially	more confidently.	 Use a variety 	made materials	sculpted, modelled or	made materials to	judgements when	Children can:
	and techniques,	clay.	 To confidently 	of natural,	 To plan, design 	constructed.	create sculpture.	using recycled,	Cut, make
	experimenting	• To explore shape	explore shape and	recycled and	and make models.	 To plan, design, 		natural and	and
	with fixing, design,	and form.	form.	manufactured		make an		manmade materials	combine
	texture, form and	 To experiment 	 To experiment 	materials for				to create sculpture.	shapes to
	function.	with, construct	with, construct and	sculpting eg.					create
		and join recycled,	join recycled, natural	Clay, straws,					recognizable
		natural and man-	and man-made	card.					forms;
		made materials.	materials more						Torms,
		The child can make	confidently.	Use a variety					Use clay and
		a simple papier	• To understand the	of techniques					other
		mache object	safety and basic care	eg. Rolling,					malleable
			of materials and	cutting,					materials
_			tools.	pinching.					and practice
Form				Use a variety					joining
JL I				of shapes,					techniques;
F				including					
\mathbf{O}				lines and					• Add
3D				texture.					materials to
				Use key vocabulary to					the
				demonstrate knowledge					sculpture to
				and understanding in this					create
				strand: sculpture, statue,					detail;
				model, work, work of art,					Use key vocabulary to
				3D, land art, sculptor,					demonstrate
				carving, sculpture, installation, shapes,					knowledge and
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					U U
				materials, pyramid,					understanding in this
				abstract, geometric.					strand: rectangular,
									concrete, terrace,
									architect, 2D shape,
									brim, peak, buckle,
									edging, trimmings,
									shape, form, shadow,
									light, marionette
									puppet.